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In the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Upon entry of the present amendment, the claims will stand as follows:

Please cancel claims 3, 10-12, 28, and 44 without prejudice.

Please amend claims 1, 2, 6, 7, 13, 14, 16-19, 21, 23, 24, 29, 34, 39, and 43 as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for enhancing capacity of impaired bone marrow [[cells]] to promote development of collateral blood vessels in a patient in need having a condition that impairs naturally occurring angiogenic processes as compared with that found in young healthy individuals, said method comprising:

growing the impaired bone marrow cells under suitable culture conditions in a suitable growth medi[[a]]um for a period of time sufficient to promote production by the bone marrow cells of early attaching cells;

transfecting at least a portion of the early attaching cells with an adenovirus vector comprising a polynucleotide that encodes one or more agents selected from angiogenic eytokines, growth factors and mammalian angiogenesis promoting factors hypoxia inducing factor-1 (HIF-1), endothelial PAS domain protein 1 (EPAS1), Monocyte Chemoattractant Protein 1 (MCP-1), granulocyte-monocyte colony stimulatory factor (GM-CSF), PR39, a fibroblast growth factor (FGF), and a nitric oxide synthase (NOS), and

culturing the transfected early attaching cells so as to allow production of in a culture medium to produce the one or more agents and conditioned medium,

thereby enhancing capacity of the impaired bone marrow cells and/or the conditioned medi[[a]]um derived from these cells while being grown in culture to promote development of collateral blood vessels in the patient into which the cells and/or the conditioned medi[[a]]um are delivered as compared with that of either non-transfected cells or conditioned medi[[a]]um similarly obtained using non-transfected early attaching cells grown in culture.

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2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the bone marrow cells are impaired by disorder is donor aging.

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- 3. (Cancelled)
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the disorder is hypercholesterolemia.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the donor is the patient.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the cells are grown in culture for about 12 hours to about 12 days.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the <u>cells are cultured for period of time is from</u> about 12 hours to about 3 days.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising obtaining bone marrow from a donor and filtering the bone marrow to obtain the bone marrow cells.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the filtering removes particles larger than from about 300μ to about 200μ .
- 10. (Cancelled)
- 11. (Cancelled)
- 12. (Cancelled)

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13. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1[[2]], wherein the agent is selected from PR39, a FGF and a NOS.

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- 14. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising stimulating the transfected early attaching cells by contact with HIF-1 or EPAS1-1 or by exposure to hypoxia.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the cells are marrow-derived stromal cells.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 15, wherein the <u>conditioned</u> medi[[a]]<u>um</u> is <u>derived</u> produced by culturing the marrow-derived stromal cells.
- 17. (Currently Amended) A method for enhancing collateral blood vessel formation in <u>heart</u> or <u>limb tissue of</u> a patient in need thereof, said method comprising:

obtaining autologous bone marrow from the patient;

growing the autologous bone marrow <u>in a suitable medium</u> under suitable culture conditions in a container for a period of time sufficient to promote production by the bone marrow of early attaching cells;

transfecting at least a portion of the early attaching cells with an adenovirus vector comprising a polynucleotide that encodes one or more agents selected from factors hypoxia inducing factor-1 (HIF-1), endothelial PAS domain protein 1 (EPAS1), Monocyte Chemoattractant Protein 1 (MCP-1), granulocyte-monocyte colony stimulatory factor (GM-CSF), a fibroblast growth factor (FGF), a NOS, and PR39 so as to cause expression of the one or more agents to produce conditioned medium; and

directly administering to a desired site of impaired blood flow in heart or limb tissue of the patient an effective amount of the transfected early attaching cells and/or the conditioned medi[[a]]um derived from the transfected cells while being grown in culture,

thereby enhancing to enhance collateral blood vessel formation at the site in the patient.

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18. (Currently Amended) A method for enhancing collateral blood vessel formation in <u>heart</u> or <u>limb tissue of</u> a patient in need thereof, said method comprising:

growing bone marrow under suitable culture conditions for a period of time sufficient to promote production by the bone marrow of early attaching cells;

transfecting at least a portion of the early attaching cells with an adenovirus vector comprising a polynucleotide that encodes one or more agents selected from angiogenic cytokines, growth factors and mammalian angiogenesis-promoting factors for expression by the early attaching cells; and

culturing the transfected early attaching cells in a culture medium and for a time suitable to allow expression by the cells of the one or more agents, thereby producing to produce conditioned medium; and

directly administering to a desired site of impaired blood flow in heart or limb tissue of the patient an effective amount of the transfected early attaching cells and/or the conditioned medium,

- thereby enhancing to enhance collateral blood vessel formation at the site in the patient.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 18, wherein the early attaching cells are marrow-derived stromal cells and the cells are directly administered to a site of ischemia in the patient or adjacent thereto.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the early attaching cells are marrow-derived stromal cells and the conditioned medium is directly administered to a site of ischemia in the patient.
- 21. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 18, wherein the cells and/or the conditioned medium are injected into the blood stream for administration delivery to the site.

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(Original) The method of claim 20, wherein the cells and/or the conditioned medium are 22. injected into an artery supplying the site.

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- (Currently Amended) The method of claim 18, wherein the period of [[time]] growing is 23. from about 3 [[hours]] days to about 12 days.
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim 23, wherein the period of [[time]] culturing is 24. from about 3 hours to about 3 days.
- 25. (Original) The method of claim 18, further comprising filtering the bone marrow prior to culturing of the bone marrow to obtain the early attaching cells.
- (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein the bone marrow is autologous bone 26. marrow.
- (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the agent is a transcription factor that 27. promotes mammalian angiogenesis.
- 28. (Cancelled)
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[2]]18, wherein the agent is selected from a 29. fibroblast growth factor (FGF), a NOS, and PR39.
- (Original) The method of claim 29, wherein the agent is selected from FGF-1, FGF-2, 30. FGF-4, and FGF-5.
- (Original) The method of claim 29, wherein the agent is selected from inducible NOS 31. and endothelial NOS.

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- 32. (Original) The method of claim 29, wherein the agent is PR39.
- 33. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the transfected cells are injected directly into heart or leg muscle to promote angiogenesis therein.
- 34. (Currently Amended) The method of claim_18, wherein the method enhances collateral blood vessel formation in the heart or leg muscle.
- 35. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the method promotes development of newly implanted myocardial cells.
- 36. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the method promotes electrical conductivity of the heart of a patient with cardiac electrical pathway impairment.
- 37. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the method enhances myocardial function in a patient with impaired myocardial function.
- 38. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the method treats a left or right ventricular condition causing impaired heart function in the heart of the patient.
- 39. (Currently Amended) A therapeutic composition comprising early attaching cells derived from bone marrow, which cells have been transfected with an adenoviral vector comprising a polynucleotide that encodes one or more agents selected from angiogenic cytokines, growth factors and mammalian angiogenesis-promoting factors hypoxia inducing factor-1 (HIF-1), endothelial PAS domain protein 1 (EPAS1), Monocyte Chemoattractant Protein 1 (MCP-1), granulocyte-monocyte colony stimulatory factor (GM-CSF), PR39, a fibroblast growth factor (FGF), and a nitric oxide synthase (NOS).

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40. (Original) The therapeutic composition of claim 39, further comprising conditioned medium in which the cells have been grown in culture for a time sufficient to allow expression of one or more of the agents.

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- 41. (Original) The composition of claim 39, wherein the polynucleotide further comprises a transcription regulatory region operatively associated with the polynucleotide.
- 42. (Original) The composition of claim 39, wherein the transfected cells have been stimulated by exposure to hypoxia.
- 43. (Currently Amended) The composition of claim 39, further comprising heparin or another anticoagul[[e]]ant.
- 44. (Cancelled)
- 45. (Original) The composition of claim 39, wherein the early attaching cells are marrow-derived stromal cells.
- 46. (Original) The composition of claim 39, wherein the composition is intended to be injected into a patient having ischemic tissue and the early attaching cells are derived from bone marrow obtained from the patient.